

The Hongkong Telegraph.

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No. 8572

第九十月七年三統宣

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11 1911.

一拜禮 號一十月九年十

880 P.M. AVENUE.
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REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

TENNIS.

THE DAVIS CUP.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via DUBAN, Sept. 10, 9.55 a.m.

A message from New York states that in the preliminary round for the Davis Cup, Larned (America) beat Dixon (England), 6-3, 2-6, 6-3, 3-6, 7-5. Manglin (America) beat Lowe (England), 7-5, 6-1, 4-6, 4-6, 6-3.

OBITUARY.

MRS. RAMSAY MACDONALD.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via DUBAN, Sept. 9, 8.20 a.m.

Mrs. Ramsay-Macdonald, wife of Mr. J. Ramsay Macdonald, Labour M.P. for Leicester, is dead.

OFFICIAL APPOINTMENTS.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 9, 12.40 p.m.

Sir Henry Lionel Galloway, Governor of St. Helena, has been appointed Governor of Gambia.

Via DUBAN, Sept. 9, 3.45 a.m.

Mr. Henry Wallis, of Nyassaland, has been appointed Chief Secretary of Uganda.

THEIR MAJESTIES.

BALL AT BALMORAL.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 10, 12.10 a.m.

Their Majesties the King and Queen gave a most successful ball to the tenantry at Balmoral. There was a distinguished house party, including Lord Kitchener and Lieut. General Sir Francis R. Wingate.

After the banquet, the Queen joined the happy assembly, and was welcomed with loyal enthusiasm.

EPIDEMIC IN SPAIN.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 10, 12.10 a.m.

An epidemic of cholera gastro-enteritis is raging in North-Eastern Spain, particularly in Barcelona. Many people are fleeing to France to escape infection.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

CANADA AND AMERICA.

THE RECIPROCALTY AGREEMENT.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via DUBAN, Sept. 9, 10.15 a.m.

In a speech at Ottawa, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he was confident that reciprocity would be in operation three months after September 21. In alluding to the objection that the United States would politically absorb Canada, he declared that if it was true that President Taft had said Canada was at the parting of the ways, he did not know what he was saying. He said they were prepared to talk business with President Taft, but not politics.

WEXFORD RIOTS.

POLICE AND MOB.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via DUBAN, Sept. 9, 10.15 a.m.

The police reinforcements, who were sent to Wexford on Friday to keep order among the engineers on strike met with a warm reception on their arrival. They were pelted with stones and bottles. They charged the mob and numerous injured have been reported. Six of the strikers were taken to the hospital.

AVIATION.

A SPLENDID FLIGHT.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 10, 12.10 a.m.

Hellen, the aviator, has flown a distance of 778 miles in the space of 14 hours 7 minutes. This represents an average speed of over 50 miles an hour.

AERIAL POSTS.

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 9, 12.40 p.m.

Under agreement with the Post Office, an experimental aeroplane post between London and Windsor, was inaugurated on Saturday for a limited period, with a view to demonstrating the usefulness of aeroplanes in times of emergency. A already been received for conveyance, including messages from their Majesties.

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 10, 7.5 a.m.

The aerial inauguration on Saturday was marred by a strong wind. Of four pilots, only one went from London to Windsor and back.

ANOTHER FATALITY.

Bombay, Sept. 11, 7.30 a.m.

An aviator while flying in the dusk at Beaulieu, collided with a post and was killed.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

ESPIONAGE IN RUSSIA.

STAFF OFFICER CONVICTED.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 9, 1.55 p.m.

A message from St. Petersburg states that Captain Postnikoff of the General Staff was sentenced at court martial to eight years' penal servitude, for selling secret documents to three foreign powers.

THE KILMARNOCK ELECTION.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 9, 12.40 p.m.

Sir J. D. Rees has been unanimously adopted as Unionist candidate for Kilmarnock, in opposition to Mr. W. E. Gladstone.

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 10, 7.5 a.m.

Mr. McKerrall has been adopted Labour candidate for Kilmarnock.

THE LOUVRE ROBBERY.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 9, 1.55 p.m.

The search for the "Joconde" continues. The latest theory is that the famous art treasure was stolen by an international gang, who are also suspected of removing other objects of a minor importance from the Louvre.

BLACK AND WHITE.

LORD ENNISKILLEN'S SON

DEPORTED.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via DUBAN, Sept. 10, 8.20 p.m.

By the direction of the Imperial authorities, the Governor of East Africa has ordered the deportation of Mr. Galbraith Cole, Lord Enniskillen's son, who was concerned in the shooting of a native. The "Observer" says it is expected that the responsible elements in East Africa will approve of the Imperial action, though it might have been better to withdraw trial by jury in East Africa in cases between whites and blacks. The journal quotes the acquittal of Bor Vel, who was charged with rape on a native girl in Natal, the acquittal of Lewis in Rhodesia, which was reported in the newspapers on the 16th of August, and further instances of the absolute breakdown of the jury system in Africa. Though there will be a good deal of personal sympathy with Cole, says the "Observer," on the grounds of Imperial policy, deportation will be regarded as a regrettable necessity.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

FINANCIAL STRESS.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 9, 3.50 p.m.

It is stated officially in Berlin that a Franco-German agreement for the settlement of the Moroccan question exists in principle, and only details remain to be disposed of. Nevertheless, these "details" will require considerable discussion. War rumours continue to excite the poorer classes in Germany, and one result has been a run on the different savings banks, notably the Koenigsberg. There has been one failure.

THE COUNTER PROPOSALS.

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 10, 7.5 a.m.

German business interests are becoming increasingly restive, and the Bourse is much affected owing to the prolonged suspense, which the "Berliner Tageblatt" and the "Boersen Courier" declare to be intolerable, and are appealing to both Governments to confide more freely in the public.

Advice from Berlin states that the German counter proposals in connection with the Moroccan situation have been drawn up and will reach Paris on Sunday or Monday.

FURTHER DELAYS.

Bombay, Sept. 11, 7.30 a.m.

Telegrams from Paris report that the German counter proposals raised questions of principle that require serious and minute examination.

THE WAR SCARE.

The war scare in Germany has caused heavy falls on the Berlin Bourse. The official inspired "Lat. Anzeiger" rebukes the German business circles and protest against their folly in crediting wild reports. The paper urges the Bourse to keep itself in its own and the whole country's interests. Both Governments it adds, are determined to reach a permanent agreement.

OFFICIAL REASSURANCES.

In the meantime nervousness is increasing and the local authorities are issuing warnings counselling calm and declaring the scare to be the work of a "frivolous Press."

COLLAPSE OF A THEATRE.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via DUBAN, Sept. 9, 5.35 p.m.

In connection with the theatre collapse at Nice, eleven persons were killed and sixteen seriously injured.

BILL LANG BEATEN.

AUSTRALIAN HEAVY-WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via DUBAN, Sept. 9, 7.45 p.m.

A message from Sydney states that fourteen thousand spectators saw Jack Lester beat Bill Lang on points, in a twenty rounds contest for the resident heavyweight championship of Australia.

TALL TALK.

OFFER BY BURGESS.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via DUBAN, Sept. 9, 7.45 p.m.

It is announced that Burgess is willing to stake £10 against £10,000 that he can swim from England to France and back in fifty hours.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

FIGHTING IN MOROCCO.

MOORS REPULSED.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 9, 1.55 p.m.

An official Madrid message states that the Moors attacked at dawn, and advanced on the Spanish positions at Melilla in the Hinterland. They were repulsed with great loss of life. The Spanish losses were one officer and seven men killed, and one officer and twenty-five men injured. Reinforcements are being despatched from Spain.

THE MELILLA GARRISON.

Durban, Sept. 11, 6.30 a.m.

Three thousand troops have been despatched to reinforce the garrison at Melilla.

TRADE UNIONS CONGRESS.

CO-OPERATION AND UNIFICATION.

Via DUBAN, Sept. 10, 8.30 p.m.

The Trades Union Congress has closed. It has been resolved to favour co-operating with the Labour party, with a view to the unification of trades unions and societies connected with the Congress and party. There has been considerable opposition to the resolution on the ground that the introduction of politics will impair the usefulness of the Congress.

REVOLT IN ARABIA.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR PEACE.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 10, 7.5 a.m.

Advice from Hodeida states that nearly all the Sheikhs of the Yemen highlands have entered Sanaa and submitted. Negotiations for permanent peace are proceeding with Imam Syed Yahya, who has already released five hundred Turkish prisoners.

DANGER AT A DOCK.

BARROW UNDER GUARD.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 10, 7.5 a.m.

Bluejackets, with rifles loaded with ball cartridge are guarding the ship dock gates at Barrow. This is considered necessary because, if the water is let out the warships will be grounded and damaged. Special police are also guarding the ship building yards. One telegram says this is due to the presence of foreign spies.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

SENSATIONAL TRIAL.

WIFE MURDER IN VIRGINIA.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 9, 3.50 p.m.

A sensational trial at Chesterfield, Virginia, has ended in sentence of death being passed on Mr. Beattie, a banker, for the murder of his wife.

The evidence showed that the condemned man took his wife for a drive in a motor-car by night to a lonely place, and there killed her. A remarkable defence was raised, it being alleged that the crime was committed by an unknown highwayman. During the trial, there were disclosures as to Beattie's relation with another woman.

DEAR FOOD.

REDUCED DUTIES WANTED.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 9, 1.55 p.m.

As a consequence of the increased prices of foodstuffs and fodder, the Berlin Chamber of Commerce has petitioned the Government to check the export of grain, and to reduce the duties. Representations are also being made to the government to allow the importation of Argentine and American meat.

The Minister for Agriculture has ordered the local authorities in several provinces in Prussia to sell fodder to needy farmers at reduced prices.

RIOTS AT ROUBAIX.

Via BOMBAY, Sept. 9, 3.50 p.m.

The dear food riots in France show no signs of abatement. There is a great deal of window-smashing going on in all parts, and barricades have been erected at Roubaix, where there have been cavalry charges.

Some municipalities are making praiseworthy efforts to relieve the general suffering by buying foodstuffs and selling them at a loss.

RENEWED RIOTING.

Bombay, Sept. 11, 7.30 a.m.

Order has been restored in the Paris Calais Department but in other places the situation has become worse. The riots were renewed at Roubaix. The mob tore up the payments and stoned the troops of whom several were injured. The cavalry was unable to charge owing to wire entanglements in the streets.

TO PROTECT AMERICANS.

DESPATCH OF A CRUISER.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Durban, September 11, 6.30 a.m.

Telegrams from Washington state that the U.S. cruiser Chester is being despatched to Tripoli to protect the American Archaeological Mission at Cyrene. A member of this mission was murdered in March.

POSTAL EMPLOYEES.

DISCUSSION OF GRIEVANCES.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Bombay, Sept. 11, 7.30 a.m.

The Postmaster-General has consented to receive a deputation to discuss their grievances.

It was decided on Sept. 8, by a meeting of the National Joint Committee representing 60,000 workers to ask for a select committee to inquire into alleged grievances.

MUNICIPAL AMENITIES.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Bombay, Sept. 11, 9.30 a.m.

The Lord Mayor of London, in whose honor special preparations had been made, has arrived in Vienna and met with an enthusiastic reception.

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

CHINA'S NAVY.

AN OPTIMISTIC ESTIMATE.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Peking, September 10.

The Board of Admiralty has estimated that twelve men-of-war will be ready for launching in the autumn of next year.

LATE SHANGHAI TAOTAI.

TO BE ARRESTED.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Peking, Sept. 10.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has telegraphed to the Governor of Shan Tung regarding Ch'i Ngn Heng, ex Taotai of Shanghai, who is in Kiao-chow.

The telegram says that the Chinese Minister at Berlin has telegraphed that the German Minister of Foreign Affairs has consented to the Governor of Kiao-chow aiding in the arrest of the fugitive. The Ministry asked the Governor of Shan Tung to despatch some officials to Kiao-chow for the extradition of the Taotai.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Peking, September 10.

The Viceroy of Nanking has memorialized the Throne to instruct the Viceroy and Governors of various provinces to discover the properties owned by the ex-Taotai of Shanghai and to have these valued and sold in order to pay off his liabilities to the Government. The request has been granted by the Throne.

TROUBLE IN SZE-CHUAN.

DESPERADOES ATTACK THE VICEROY'S YAMEN.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Ching-tu, September 11.

Federal thousands of desperadoes, taking advantage of the people's opposition to the Government's policy of nationalizing the railways, have attacked the Viceroy's Yamen.

As they were insufficiently armed, they were beaten back by the soldiery, many of them killed. The others were dispersed.

BRITISH OFFER OF HELP REFUSED.

Peking, September 11.

The British Minister at Peking has offered to dispatch British soldiers to Sze-chuan to maintain order for the Chinese government.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs has refused the offer.

COMMUNICATIONS OUT.

Peking, September 11.

Telegraphic communications between Peking and Sze-chuan have been entirely cut off. The Cabinet Ministers are becoming alarmed.

The Weather Forecast.



IT TEMPTS THE PALATE!

ICE CREAM SODA

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DELICIOUS AND REFRESHING

A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, 24th August, 1910.

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The object of this paper is to publish correct information, to serve the truth and print the news without fear or favour.

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11th, 1911.

THE MOTHERLAND AND THE DOMINIONS.

Mr. Rudyard Kipling's dramatic appearance in the role of adviser to the people of Canada, coupled with Sir Wilfrid Laurier's assertion, which we publish to-day, that the Dominion is prepared to talk business, but not politics with America, brings again into prominence the question of the relations of the Motherland and the Dominions. There are those who believe that the day is steadily drawing nearer when the great self-governing portions of the British Empire will gently, but decisively, sever the bonds that unite them with the Home country. In support of this theory, it is pointed out that Canada at the present moment exercises practically all the powers of an independent state. Certainly it is true that all legislation passed by the Canadian Parliament has to receive the assent of the Governor-General, who is the direct representative of the King, but this, it is claimed, is in all intents and purposes a formal function, and it is scarcely conceivable that any measure that embodied the wishes of the people of Canada would fail to obtain the vice-regal sanction. Stress is also laid upon the fact that Canada has inaugurated a local navy. The Commonwealth of Australia is almost in the same position, the only difference being that the Governors of the individual states which comprise the Commonwealth are still Imperial officials appointed by the King. Australia also has the nucleus of an army, and, if the scheme propounded by Admiral Sir Reginald Henderson is adopted, it will become a factor of some importance in years to come when the question of the naval supremacy of the Pacific has to be decided. Those who foresee the disruption of the Empire, point particularly to the inauguration of these semi-independent naval units as a symptom that supports their theory. The proposed Reciprocity Agreement between Canada and America, which only requires the endorsement of the Dominion Legislature to become operative, is thought to be a still plainer sign of the trend towards separation.

It would be idle to blink the fact that there is a Separatist party both in Canada and Australia. The analogy between a family and an Empire which includes rich, virile and rapidly developing states, as has been frequently remarked, is very close. In a family the sons, upon attaining an age when they feel that they can shift for themselves, generally leave the paternal roof to make their own way in the world. There is no antagonism to the parent involved; the separation is brought about by reason of the natural and laudable desire of all healthy-minded young manhood to cease to be a burden and to rely on its own energy and intelligence. With the British self-governing Dominions it is similar. This instinct of what we might call self-reliance, though the term is inadequate, has led a minority in the Dominions, that deceives the unsophisticated in regard to its size and importance by the constant clamour it makes, to demand separation and independence. The more level-headed and better balanced minority, however, while equally intent upon achieving full control of all domestic affairs, is animated by no sentiment of animosity to the Mother country. On the contrary, as patriarchy is being reached, the Dominions generally begin to realize the debt of gratitude they owe for the protection given them in feebler days by the British Army and Navy. To that feeling of gratitude and the belief that it could be most effectively shown by relieving Great Britain of part of the burden imposed in securing their safety has been due the inception of the Canadian and Australian navies and the adoption of compulsory military service in Australia and New Zealand. When the Dominions' fleets and land forces gain appreciable strength it will be possible for Great Britain more effectively to concentrate her forces nearer home, and that is the end the people of the Dominions hold in view.

We have suggested that the Separatist party in the Dominions is not of numerical or political consequence. In Canada the recent utterances of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, himself a French Canadian, bear this out. There is not a single Canadian politician of importance who has of late years raised the cry of "independence." It is true that there has been recently a large influx of Americans into Western Canada, but the very fact that these newcomers, with full knowledge, chose to live beneath a monarch rather than a republican flag indicates that their political beliefs cannot be rigid; unless it is assumed that their advent is part of a deep-laid plot to bring Canada into the American political fold—which, as the excellent Euclid was wont to remark, is absurd. That the Separatist party in Australia is of no importance whatever is proved strangely enough by the Sydney "Bulletin," a paper whose views are most aggressively Australian. In a leading article on August 17 the "Bulletin" said, *inter alia*, "with the broad principles that is desirable (1) that George V. shall remain on the throne, and (2) that the British Empire shall remain intact, no sane Australian is going to quarrel." Coming from such a source nothing could be stronger. In a word the intelligent colonist is urged both by sentiment and reason to do all that in him lies to maintain the integrity of the Empire. He has all to lose and nothing to gain by striving to obtain an independence that he could not preserve for a day were he to lose theegis of the protection of Great Britain. It may be assumed therefore, that, though the relationship of the Motherland and the Dominions will change to meet changing conditions, the voice of the Separatist will continue to excite no sentiment except tolerant amusement.

DAY-BY-DAY

All things that are,
Are with more spirit chased
than enjoy'd.

Better grade rice was selling at \$12 a picul in Shanghai on Sept. 6.

It is now possible to go to Europe by rail from Tsingtau to Berlin in 12 days.

Serious rioting is said by the "Shanghai Mercury" to have occurred at Pootung in connection with the rice shortage. The position in Shanghai is becoming serious.

In a twenty round contest at Shanghai against Seaman Ramsay "Batling Simms" gained the referee's decision.

The str. Hazel Dollar which went ashore off Maroon was refloated on Sept. 3. She proceeded to Hakodate for repairs.

The British-American Tobacco has appropriated \$10,000 for the relief of flood sufferers and is despatching an officer to Wuhu to supervise the distribution of the contribution.

A European residing at the Hotel de l'Europe has been missing since Friday night, says a telegram from Penang dated Sept. 8. It is believed that he has committed suicide in the harbour.

Bijou Scenic Theatre.
This little hall of amusement continues to gain in popularity. The programme for this week includes several bright and catchy songs by Miss Vera Farnes and a number of very good pictures. Large houses were present at both Saturday's and last night's performances.

A Dangerous Practice.
When a Star ferry boat was manoeuvring alongside the landing stage at Kowloon yesterday a small boy caught hold of the chain by which the gangway is lowered and his hand became jammed. Fortunately a warning cry was raised in time to prevent serious injury. It would be well, however, for parents to warn their children of the danger of meddling with any of the gear on the ferries.

The Occasional Contributor.
It galls me off myself to speak, but my abode is at the Peak, where all the taipans live, and where we breathe a genteel atmosphere. At half-past four or five o'clock I doff my office coat and lock my roll top desk, smooth down my hair and tell the boy to call a chair, and, borne in triumph, soon I am conducted to the waiting tram. Perhaps, because of youthful airs my tribulation then begins and someone's yellow pup, who's rolled in mud and covered up with mould (without a chain) comes roaming round and seeing me comes at a bound and rubs himself against my legs and fills my boots with doggy droppings while all the people look askance at my once chaste, now filthy pants and boots. I wish no harm to it, but I shiver those human hogs who let their canines roam around, and cover me with liquid ground, and so I write (let oysters laugh) to claim your aid, dear "Telegraph."

We note that the Shanghai papers are announcing that they have made arrangements for an increased service of Router's telegrams.

Monthly Meteorological Report.
The monthly meteorological report for August shows that the maximum average temperature for the period was 86.2, the mean, 81.9, and the minimum 78.4 degrees. Altogether 30.06 inches of rain fell, and the number of hours of sunshine recorded was 190.5. On five days there was no sunshine and on thirteen no rain.

A Terrible Death.
The Ningpo correspondent of the "Shanghai Times," in the course of a description of a big fire there, says:—There was one fatality during the fire, a very curious thing indeed. The body was found huddled up in a kong of water with the head and upper parts of the body roasted beyond recognition. No one knew who this man could be or how he got there. But it is presumed he was a thief trying to get away with something during the fire and got trapped by the building collapsing.

Volcanoes in Japan.
A telegram from Gifu, Japan, states that Iwogatake, a volcano in Mino Province, which has been regarded as extinct for some time past, began to erupt on August 21, and in the villages at the foot of the volcano, the downpour of ashes was so heavy that objects only a few feet off were invisible. The water of the Takahara River in Takano Mura, which is situated close to Iwogatake, smells strongly of sulphate and the fish have been killed. According to information gathered by the Hagiwara Police Station, a large new crater has been formed about 5 cho from the old crater, and all the trees and grass within a radius of 15 cho from the summit have perished. Huge boulders have been thrown up from the crater. The villagers living near the volcano are in a state of alarm.

Bank Notes.
Remarks the reverse of contrary are sometimes made in regard to our local bank notes, generally perhaps in regard to the slowness with which they arrive and the rapidity with which they depart. The disregard they show for the virtue that is said to rank next to godliness is also sometimes a subject for comment. So is it elsewhere. A London paper remarks: "The clean faces of our bank notes, praised by a Society of Arts lecturer the other day, is a subject of congratulation especially in the light of a comparison with the notes of other days and other lands. There was the Scotch paper money. And Frank Buckland's frank criticism of its uncleanness: 'Mr. Bell showed me money he had received for his lambs,' he wrote. 'I not only saw, but smelt the money from afar. It consisted of a roll of Scotch bank one-pound notes, nasty, dirty, ragged, pieces of paper, looking only fit for the fire. These notes, I understand, are sometimes quite intolerable. The notes from Wick are the worst; there is a charming odour of fish about them.' Mr. Bell's notes are exchanged on the railways. And they do not smell of horses!"

A private letter from Weihaiwei states that a light form of dysentery is prevalent there. Some of the cable office employees have been affected and a little European girl aged four is said to be in a very serious condition.

The City Hall.
The following is the return of visitors to the City Hall Library and Museum for the week ending September 10, 1911:—Non-Chinese, Library 405; Museum, 177; Chinese, Library 149; Museum, 2,375. Total: Library 554; Museum, 2,462.

Highly Diverting.
During the performance at the Taiping Theatre on Saturday evening a Chinese in search of further diversion commenced throwing stones at the Indian constable. A court interpreter was present in the audience and he pointed the culprit out to the constable who effected an arrest. This morning the seeker of diversion was sent to prison for two months with hard labour.

The Colony's Health.
The Medical Officer of Health announces that there was a clean sheet as far as plague is concerned for the week ended Sept. 9. The total number of cases reported this year was 201 and the deaths 244. Four cases of communicable disease other than plague were reported during the week, two of enteric and two of small-pox. Death resulted in two cases, one from small-pox, the other from enteric.

Gambling Houses Raided.
A large batch of gamblers came before the Magistrates this morning. Three men who were gambling in the street had to pay \$3 each or in default seven days. Eleven men were charged by Inspector Fenton with playing fan tan in a house in Sai Hu Lane. The two keepers of the house were ordered to pay \$75 or 6 weeks' hard labour, while the others were fined \$4 or seven days. The money seized by the police, \$11.04, was confiscated.

American Consular Changes.
News have been received, says the "Shanghai Mercury," that Mr. A. W. Pontius, American Consul at Chungking, will be transferred to Dany, vice Mr. A. Williamson transferred to Anking. Mr. B. Green, Consul at Mukden, is transferred to Hankow, vice Mr. Mosher, transferred to Germany. Mr. Maynard, Consul at Vladivostok, goes to Harbin, and Mr. C. L. Williams, Consul at Swatow, goes on leave for several months, which he will spend at Peking with his father at the American Legation.

The Result of a Raid.
The man who attempted to jump through a window at 108 Gough Street Hill, when the house was raided by excise officers on Thursday evening, was brought up on remand before Mr. J. R. Wood this morning on a charge of having a quantity of opium in his possession without the permission of the Opium Farmer. It will be remembered that the officials found implements for boiling opium and a quantity of the drug in the house.

To-day the man was fined \$37 or in default one month's hard labour.

Trams and Dogs.
In giving judgment in the Westminster County Court in the case of a claim for £3. 10. 6, the value of a dress which had been ruined by a dog while the plaintiff was travelling on one of the London United Tramways Co.'s cars, Judge Woodfall said that he was of opinion that the company was liable for the breach of their duty to the plaintiff as their passenger. The tramway company had, through their conductor, knowingly permitted the dog to be at large on the car. Judgment was given for the amount claimed and costs. The local tramway people should take heed. Dogs are supposed to be paid for and to wear a chain on the trams, but, particularly on the Peak trams, the owners do not trouble about the regulations. Unattended dogs are frequently at large on the trams and, when it has been raining, deposit Hongkong real estate over the summer clothes of indignant passengers. Now that a legal decision has fixed the responsibility upon the tramway people the local authorities concerned should see that there is a proper observance of the regulations. Timely action may save them money.

A QUESTION OF RIVER PRACTICE.

Motion for Leave to Appeal

Before the Chief Justice, Sir Francis Piggott, and the Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice Compertz, sitting as a Full Court in the Appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court this morning, Hon. Mr. E. Pollock, K.C., (with whom was Mr. Eldon Potter) instructed by Mr. Lewis, of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master, moved for an order that the judgment delivered by the Puisne Judge on August 4 last, whereby \$720 damages with costs, were awarded Captain Tom Austin against the Chi Wo Steamship Company for wrongful dismissal from the s.s. Hoi Ming, might be reversed. Hon. Mr. C. C. Alabaster, instructed by Mr. D. V. Stevenson, of Messrs. Deacon, Looker and Deacon, was for the respondents.

The motion was made on the following grounds:—(1) That the finding of the Puisne Judge that there was no oral agreement between the parties to the effect that the agreement between them might be terminated by 24 hours' notice on either side was against the weight of evidence. (2) That the Puisne Judge held without any evidence being before him to that effect, that it was not the usual course of duty on river boats plying between Hongkong and Canton, and carrying only two officers, for any regular watch to be kept, but that the appellants could call evidence to show that on such boats regular watches are in fact kept. (3) That the following question in connection with the respondent's evidence ought not to have been put to the assessor, because it involved questions of fact, viz.:—"Does this describe the usual course of duty on river boats carrying only two officers?" (4) That inasmuch as Captain Pybus was called in to advise the Court upon the evidence before it, as to the professional duty of the respondent to set regular watches, the independent statement of Captain Pybus, amounting to evidence as to the practice on river steamers with regard to keeping of regular watches ought not to have been accepted by the Puisne Judge as evidence or otherwise for the purpose of arriving at his judgment. (5) That it appears from the judgment with regard to Captain Pybus' statements to him that Captain Pybus could only speak as to his belief and not as to the usual course of duty on West River boats. (6) That as regards the usual course of duty on Yangtze River boats, Captain Pybus could only speak as to his own personal knowledge in regard to a period antecedent to the year 1891, since when he has been employed continuously in one of the ships of the C. P. & Co. which are even-going ships. (7) That in view of the practice of keeping regular watches, which, in fact, prevails on river steamers plying between Hongkong and Canton, though carrying only two navigating officers, and in regard to which the appellants craved leave to call evidence, it was not proper and seamanlike for the respondent to run his ship for various periods during the voyage with only a Chinese pilot on duty on the bridge, but that on the contrary it constituted a neglect of duty in the respondent to have omitted to keep a system of regular watches between himself and the mate throughout the whole voyage between Hongkong and Canton and vice versa and that such neglect of duty would have justified the appellants in dismissing him without notice. (8) That any method of procedure on a river voyage such as is described by the respondent would constitute a neglect of a precaution which is required by the ordinary practice of seamen and would have justified the appellants in dismissing him without notice and that any custom (even if proved) to neglect such a precaution would be bad in law.

Hon. Mr. Pollock said he was moving *inter alia* for leave to call fresh evidence. It seemed to him desirable that that question should be settled first. The reason why he was making that application was because he had certain witnesses in Court whom they had secured at some expense. That question he suggested should be settled first and the other points

could be left to be argued subsequently. The Puisne Judge—On what point do you desire to call further evidence? Mr. Pollock—On the question of the custom prevailing on the boats. My learned friend Mr. Potter will argue that point.

The Puisne Judge—The plaintiff practically closed his case. The questions of bad custom and unseamanlike conduct arose and Mr. Stevenson wished to call rebutting evidence. It seemed to me that the question suddenly coming up like that was not relevant.

Mr. Pollock—There was no evidence of custom.

The Puisne Judge—What Captain Austin said was: "What I did was what everybody else did." The mate also said that and added that he considered the plaintiff's conduct seamanlike. Therefore I considered the plaintiff's conduct seamanlike and proper. An independent witness from the Harbour Office was called and the appellants were not allowed in any way from calling evidence.

Mr. Pollock—We had no opportunity of cross-examining Captain Pybus.

Continuing, Counsel submitted that an assessor could not be consulted by the Court on any point of fact. He could only be consulted on questions of technical seamanship. They had the evidence of a Captain who had been in the service for 27 years. He submitted that all Captain Austin said amounted to this—This is my usual practice.

Mr. Alabaster—No, no, he said that was the general practice.

The Chief Justice—What you are now trying to do is to appeal from the assessor's answer.

Mr. Pollock—It all comes back to the question: "What is the usual practice?"

The Puisne Judge—Suppose you have a conflict of evidence between two witnesses, can the Court ask an assessor: "Which witness do you believe?"

Mr. Pollock—You can't possibly do that.

The Puisne Judge—There is no doubt that the owner did really know what was going on. He travelled frequently on the boat and played cards with the Captain. It's all in the evidence.

Mr. Potter claimed that on the legal aspect of the case, the plaintiff more than merely say that the appellants knew what had been going on. A master might condone the fault of a servant and continue to condone and condone it again and again but he must come to a point where he was bound to say: "I shall condone it no longer."

The Puisne Judge—Oh, no, he must give notice.

Mr. Potter—No, my Lord. Argument was a proceeding when we want to press.

CONTENT WITH LITTLE.

Bank Robbers at Hankow.

When the safe at the Banque de l'Indo-Chine, Hankow, was opened yesterday morning, says the "Central China Post," of 30th ult., it was discovered that thieves had been in during the night and had broken open the door of the safe. The papers and currency were found in utter disorder, and a count revealed that about 1,000 in French gold and French notes was missing. The thieves must have been possessed of wonderful patience, as well as luck, for they got the safe open by working the combination lock. They had first tried to smash the door open, as was shown by the marks of their tools. Evidently they found their weapon not strong enough for this job, so they began trying to work the combination. They changed sooner or later on the right set. With the safe open, there was a large treasure—amounting to millions of taels—within the robbers' reach, but for some reason they contented themselves with a paltry sum.

Typhoon Warning.

The "Government Gazette" publishes a notification to the effect that typhoon warnings will in future be displayed in the masthead of the signal post on Signal Hill, Kowloon, instead of from the flag staff of the Water Police Station.

FULL COURT DECISIONS.

Questions of Costs Discussed.

The Full Court delivered its decisions in connection with appeals from the judgments given recently as a result of two actions. In the first case, Li Po Kung had sued Li Ki Tong, alias Li Pak, of the compradore department of Messrs. Olaf Wijk and Company, to recover the sum of \$10,501.21, interest due to the 9th June, 1911, at the rate of 8 per cent. in respect of a loan of \$33,302 secured by an indenture of mortgage dated 31st July, 1907. Plaintiff also claimed interest on \$33,302 at 8 per cent. from the 9th June, 1911, to payment or judgment. Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., instructed by Mr. W. B. Hand, of Messrs. Bruton and Hew, appeared for the appellant and Mr. Eldon Potter, instructed by Mr. C. E. H. Bonvis, of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, was for the respondent.

The appeal was dismissed with costs, but on the application of Mr. Pollock, there was a suspension order made from formal judgment being entered pending the hearing of argument in the vacation. The Court (after a lengthy discussion) directed an arrangement regarding the question of costs.

The second case was that of Li Po Hung against Li Ling-Shi and others.

The Chief Justice said that he had no answer to the conclusion at which the Paines Judge had arrived. He did not know whether full notes had not been taken and it seemed to him that probably the best thing to do would be to direct a re-trial.

Mr. Alabaster said that costs had already been paid in respect of the first hearing.

An order was made for costs to be refunded and the parties to abide by the result, the appellant to receive one-third of the costs.

INTERESTED KINDNESS.

Yesterday a little girl, who lives in Squire Street, and who is about eight years old, was accosted by a man who offered to take her to see her father. When he had taken her some distance, he robbed her of her earrings, valued at \$4, and left her to wander in the streets. The parents, missing the child, gave information to the police who discovered the erring child in Queen's Road Central.

MACAO DELIMITATION.

Settlement Reported Possible.

(THE "TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT.)

Canton, September 8th.

It is reported that the Central Government has permitted the Viceroy of Canton to send a delegate to Macao to enter into negotiations with the Portuguese authorities regarding the question of delimitation of the boundaries. It is said that the Portuguese are in favour of this step being taken and that they will also appoint a representative to go into the matter with a view to its settlement.

Meanwhile the Diplomatic Commissioner Li Ching Fun is busily engaged in inspecting documents and plans relating to the question, pending the arrival of the Portuguese Commissioner.

Tsao Wu Ming Pan has been deputed to assist the Chinese Commissioner.

THE SMUGGLERS' LAIR.

Inaccessible to Gunboats.

(THE "TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT.)

Canton, September 8.

Wong-Poo, a village near Kwong-Chow-Wan, has been found to be a spot where smugglers are landing gunpowder, sulphur, salt-petre, fire arms and other forms of contraband.

Some time ago the authorities in Canton wished to send the gunboat Kwong-Kong with a Customs official on board to investigate, but it was found that the waters were too shallow. The smugglers are consequently gaining a respite while a boat of less draught is being found for the purpose.

Pocket-Picking.

A Chinese, who was charged with picking the pocket of an Indian soldier in East Street, was sent to prison for two months, with four hours' stock, at the Magistracy this morning.

AT THE ELEVENTH HOUR.

A Blocked Banquet.

Last Monday we published a report of a meeting by the "Society of the Protection of Railways" held at the Tai Yin Hotel, Shik-fong-tai. Among the resolutions that were passed, was one that representatives of the society should be sent to Peking to lay the views of the society, which is opposed to the nationalization of railways, before the central authorities. He was to have departed some time this week, and a grand banquet was arranged for last night to speed the delegate on his way.

We are given to understand that the banquet was not to be the usual jollification, for the delegate was to appear in mourning, significant of what might be the end of the mission.

Preparations were well in hand yesterday when some official authority decreed that no banquet was to be held. The event accordingly did not come off and great disappointment is felt in consequence in certain Chinese circles.

INTERPORT SWIMMING.

An Unfortunate Complication.

It is quite possible that the annual interport swimming fixtures will not take place this year on account of the desire on the part of Shanghai swimmers to postpone the visit of their team to Hongkong, from September 21, 22, and 23 to the 26th, 27th, and 28th of next month. The request for the postponement comes from the Shanghai Swimming Club, who made it by telegram on Friday, the 8th inst., including also a request that in the postponed event arrangements should be made for towing fixtures.

Judging from a report in the "N. C. Daily News," it is certain that Shanghai originally arranged to come on the earlier date. In fact they had provisionally chosen their team, which was to be as follows:

Frank W. White (Capt.), R. W. McCabe, D. E. Drummond, E. Thacher, T. W. R. Wilson, R. W. Wells, E. Berthel, C. Doyle, and E. J. Brown.

At the conclusion of the report the "N. C. Daily News" said: "The team, which will be in good hands with Mr. P. W. White as Captain, will sail from Shanghai about the 15th instant."

Speaking to a prominent member of the V. R. C. a "Telegraph" representative learnt that there were many objections to the postponement. It was pointed out that the swimming season is drawing to a close, and that the latter end of October, it would most certainly be too cold for swimming. Besides it would mean that instead of one, two fixtures would have to be held. The V. R. C. sports could not be postponed, and if an interport fixture were held in October, it would mean calling twice on the supporters of the club. Our informant also told us that rowing had not started yet with the V. R. C. and though they might be able to get a team together it would not be entirely from the V. R. C.

He wound up by suggesting that perhaps the Shanghai people had "cold feet," and remarked that Claxton was always a match for Drummond.

The Night Pete.

The V.R.C. are holding another night fete on Wednesday, when, among others, the following events will be decided: 100 Yards Handicap; Ladies' Nomination Race; Cook Fight; Team Race; Water Polo; High Dive, and Running Header.

The ladies' nomination race should prove decidedly humorous. The competitors will have to swim the length of the bath, get out of the water and dress themselves in pants, a coat and a straw hat. They have then to swim back to the starting point properly garbed, and an examination will take place to see that every button is properly done up. Failure in this respect will count against the competitor.

During the evening music will be discoursed by a band.

OUR LONDON LETTER.

[From An Occasional Correspondent.]

London, August 10.

London Under Martial Law.

Can you imagine London under martial law? Up till yesterday we could not, but we have had a taste of what it means since then. In the darkness of yesterday morning we awoke to the steady tramp of marching feet in an otherwise empty street. Soldiers in khaki—many hundreds of them—grim and serious looking, swung past the lighted lamps. That was about three in the morning. Later in the day we saw them again in the great railway stations, their bayonets fixed and their bandoliers heavy. Here was London in the grip of martial law! The railway strike had begun.

The Strike Virus.

Last week the dockers were out and we saw the streets almost stripped of vehicular traffic. Now railwaymen everywhere are out. You have had telegrams, of course, telling you of the serious trouble in Liverpool—of strikes in many parts of the country. What is at the bottom of it all? England is inoculated with strike virus and there must be an explanation of it all. There have been many guesses at the truth and few have come near it. It happens that for years, my work brought me immediately into contact with trade union leaders; and elsewhere, many months ago, I uttered a note of warning. The whole thing may be said in a nutshell. The national economy is increasing, and wages have remained stationary for ten years. In the case of the railway men, for instance, wages rose only 3s. 4d. per week, on an average, between 1899 and 1909 (I am quoting from the Board of Trade returns) and the price of necessities has risen some 25 per cent.

The New Weapon of Attack.

It was hoped that the return of Labour members of Parliament, paid from trade union funds, would see matters altered to suit the working man. But the Osborne Judgment helped to disturb that dream. I say helped, because the trade unions were even then realising that the Labour Party in the House of Commons is no party at all. It is merely an appendage to the Liberal Party. Disappointed there, the trade unions have gradually come round to the belief that industrial grievances are not to be remedied or removed by Parliamentary machinery. This change of view has been a gradual one, and, side by side with it, has grown up a change of purpose which has long been plain to many outsiders. The trade unions have come to regard the general strike in any trade as their most effective weapon. No, not their aim (so reckless are they) at rousing every worker in every trade to strike at a given signal if need be from their point of view.

The Railway Dispute.

I am not taking sides. It is none of my business to be partial. I am merely setting down the facts of the matter. The railway dispute, however, goes deeper than the matter of mere wages. One finds that over the papers which are most bitter with the strikers who are deliberately clogging the wheels of industry (and no one can do other than protest against such an outrage) admit that the Conciliation Boards have been manipulated against the interests of the workers. For months the bitterness has been deep and growing, and the directors would not look the fact in its bare countenance. One does not blame them for fighting against an increase in wages all round.

Even a very moderate increase would almost wipe their very trifling dividends out of existence. But their attitude does not make for peace.

Both Sides to Blame.

Both sides at the moment must be blamed for their attitude. The workers are guilty of something very like a moral crime in trying to force their demands by putting a stop to the supplies of food upon which the great towns depend. War of this kind upon the community is the crassest kind of

madness, and the strikers are having no sympathy on any hand. Even if their case were good (and that remains to be decided) to enforce it in this reckless fashion is wholly unwarrantable. But even the wicked and immoral action of the men does not justify the directors in their attitude. Conference are going on at the Board of Trade, but the directors refuse to enter the same room with the men's representatives. At a time when the nation is suffering needlessly, this deliberate refusal to make a move towards conciliation is quite indefensible. Whether the directors or the men are most in the right, all efforts should be made to secure a settlement. Experience has proved that when men meet round a table differences and misunderstandings have a way of being smoothed out. The stronger the directors' case the more gladly they should welcome such a conference. As it is, neither side appears to consider the public needs, and neither side is in great favour with the public.

Rain Wanted.

Well, the dispute will be settled one way or other before you read these lines. And, whichever side wins, each will be the loser in the end. No one ever yet gained much by a strike which is a barbarous weapon for civilised creatures to employ. If only the rain would come! A week's steady rain would settle the whole business. The strike virus would disappear. The British workman is a tremendously fine fellow, but whatever his grievances, he has no stomach for an industrial war in bad weather. A week of wet weather would send him scurrying back to his work again. In this connection I may quote from the "Lancet," which says, "It is an interesting coincidence that labour troubles of no mean magnitude have broken out during an unwanted spell of sunshine. We are not regarding the strikes as caused by the heat, as many of the reasons for the prevailing unrest have been obvious for many months. But it is not at all improbable that the heat has played its part in the form which the manifestations have taken."

Is it Sun Poison?

"Let us remember," it goes on, "that the failure of the white races to colonise certain tropical tracts have been attributed to the excess of light which there prevails and not to the heat or humidity. The white man in the tropics gradually becomes disinclined to work under the influence of the active agencies of the sun. He goes neurasthenic and finally breaks down. The widely-spread discontent of the labouring parties reached an acute stage during a period of excessive and in one light which promises to break all existing records. Have the forces of the potent sun consequent upon the long period of chemically active sunshine altered the energies of the body and the mind of the worker as in the case of the would-be coloniser in the unsuitable tropics? In an admittedly bad state of affairs has an over-dose of sun proved a poison?" Yes—the poison of laziness. The "Lancet's" theory is very pretty and ingenious, but laziness gets there quite as nearly. When the dockers gained their demands last week many of them would not go back because they expected the strike to last longer. They had cooked for a longer holiday and they shirked work in those dog days. The dockers is the last man to become neurasthenic, but he is the first to follow shrieking leaders who cry "strike" when the weather is gloriously fine. A man who could invent a rain-forging apparatus at the moment would be a public benefactor.

LONDONER.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

Opening of Chinese Section.

Arrangements are now being made for the opening of the Chinese section of the Kowloon-Canton Railway which is now practically complete. The opening proper of the whole line to through traffic will be on October 1st, though we are informed that on Friday, September 15, it is intended to run a train over the entire Chinese section from Canton to the frontier. Preparations are well in hand for the completion of the time table for through trains.

DEALING WITH RIOTERS.

Ringleaders to Suffer Full Penalty.

(THE "TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT.)

Canton, Sept. 8th.

H.E. the Canton Viceroy has been considering the common occurrence of riots in opposition to the taxes introduced by the government, the acts of rioters in firing the different Yamen, and the continual offering of resistance to the government, and he has come to the conclusion that it is quite time to deal severely with these people.

With a view to deterring others, H.E. has sent orders to the civil and military authorities at Shok-lung, which was recently the scene of a riot in opposition to the tax on temple keepers, to make every effort to secure the ring-leaders, and to see that the full penalty of the law is meted out to them.

KULANGSU (AMOI) MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The following are the minutes of a meeting of the Kulangsu Council, held at the Board Room, on August 22, 1911.

Present:—Messrs. W. J. Wallace (Chairman), J. S. Fenwick, W. R. M'D. Parr, Revd. G. M. Wales, W. Wilson, and the Secretary.

1. The minutes of the last meeting are read and confirmed.

2. Correspondence is read between H. I. G. M. Consul and the Council concerning the custody of a German subject in the Municipal Gaol, which the Council regret they are only able to undertake as a temporary measure.

3. Correspondence is read with the Amoy Tinning Co. concerning their application to reclaim certain ground and construct a bund at Lai-choo-oh.

4. Messrs. Fenwick, Wales and Wilson, having been appointed members of the Assessment Committee, report having assessed the ten properties.

5. Correspondence with (1) Mr. E. Bauer and Mr. Lim Chin Hoon concerning the dumping of garbage on the public roads, and (2) with Mr. Lim Nee Kar concerning a watchman's hut placed on the public road opposite his house, also (3) with Mr. Lim Hock Su concerning the obstruction to the road at Hock-ee, is read.

6. The Captain-Superintendent reports that the following cases have been dealt with at the Mixed Court since the last meeting:—

Assault, 1; Breach of Marriage Agreement, 1; Throwing Rubbish &c., into the Public Drains, 0; Non-payment of Municipal Taxes, 5; Breach of Municipal Bye-laws, 1; Contempt of Court, 2; Debt, 2.

Summary Arrests:—Housebreaking, 2; Theft, 3; Kidnapping, 5.

(Signed) W. H. Wallace, Chairman.

DON'T FORGET.

Monday, September 11.

Mothers' Union meeting, St. Paul's College.

Tuesday, September 12.

Sanitary Board meeting.

Wednesday, September 13.

V. R. C. Fete.

Union Church—Seafolders' meeting.

Saturday, September 16.

Entertainment, Mount Austin.

Sunday, September 17.

Harvest Thanksgiving Service, St. John's Cathedral.

Auction of Crown Land.

Thursday, September 21.

V. R. C. Sports.

Friday, September 22.

V. R. C. Sports.

Today's Advertisements.

DOMESTIC Servants. Servants of all descriptions suitable for all kinds of work, coolies for Barber, Coffee, and Tea plantations, and for contractors. For further particulars please apply to The H.K. Servants' Registration and Labour Agency, 37 Cross Street, Singapore.

A. I. Gode, L. K. FAME & Co., 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

MILK FIVE CENTS A PINT.

PURE, FRESH, SEPARATED, NATURAL.

REMOVED: THE CREAM ONLY.

ADDED: NOTHING.

If you must use Separated Milk why not have it

FRESH?

For sale by

THE DAIRY FARM Co., Ltd.

One penny a pint!

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE AND MOJI.

THE Steamship

"GREGORY APUAR."

Captain S. H. Nelson, will be despatched for the above ports on FRIDAY, the 16th instant, at Noon.

The Steamer has superior accommodation for passengers, is installed throughout with Electric Light and carries a duly certified Doctor.

Return tickets are available by the In-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Steamers. Fare for round trip \$120.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd., Agents.

Hongkong, 11th Sept., 1911. [1808]

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA.

(Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Rangoon, Madras, and Mauritius.)

THE Steamship

"JAPAN."

Captain A. Stewart, will be despatched for the above ports on FRIDAY, the 16th instant, at 3 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd., Agents.

Hongkong, 11th Sept., 1911. [1809]

NOTICE.

WE, BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE of Hongkong, hereby give notice that in consequence of instructions received from the Joint Owners JAMES HENRY SCOTT and JOHN SWIRE we have applied to the Board of Trade, under Section 47 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, in respect of the Steam Launch "TALKOO" of Hongkong Official number 120978 of gross tonnage 20 tons, Register tonnage 10.06 tons, heretofore owned by James Henry Scott and John Swire for permission to change her name to "LAOU TALKOO" and to have her registered in the new name at the Port of Hongkong as owned by James Henry Scott and John Swire.

Any objections to the proposed change of name must be sent to the Registrar of Shipping at Hongkong within seven days from the appearance of this advertisement.

Dated at Hongkong this 11th day of September, 1911. [1972]

DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd., Agents.

Hongkong, 11th Sept., 1911. [1871]

A LING & CO.

FURNITURE AND PHOTO SUPPLIES.

DEVELOPING, PRINTING AND ENLARGING.

9, Queen's Road. [863]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 875 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO. General Managers.

Hongkong, 16th Aug., 1910. [84]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship

"GREGORY APUAR."

having arrived from the above ports, consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their goods will be delivered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at once, at consignees' risk and expense.

Cargo remaining on board after 1 p.m. of the 18th inst., will be landed at consignees' risk and expense.

Shipping—Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.'S
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

"EMPERESS LINE"

Between China, Japan and Europe via Canada and the United States, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Nagasaki (through the Inland Sea of Japan) Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria and Vancouver B.C.

The only Line that maintains a Regular Schedule Service of 12 DAYS YOKOHAMA TO VANCOUVER, 21 DAYS HONGKONG TO VANCOUVER SAVING 6 TO 7 DAYS' OCEAN TRAVEL.

Proposed sailings from Hongkong and Quebec, &c. (Subject to alteration.) Connecting with Royal Mail Atlantic Steamers.

From Hongkong

From Quebec

"EMPERESS OF JAPAN" Sails, Sept. 23. "EMPERESS OF IRELAND" Fri., Oct. 20. "MONTEAGLE" Sails, Oct. 14.

"EMPERESS OF INDIA" Sails, Nov. 4. "EMPERESS OF BRITAIN" Fri., Dec. 1.

Each Trans-Pacific "Empress" connects at Vancouver with a Special Mail Express Train and at Quebec with Atlantic Mail Steamer as shown above. The "Empress of Britain" and "Empress of Ireland" are magnificent vessels of 14,500 tons, Speed 20 Knots, and are regarded as second to none on the Atlantic.

All Steamers of the Company's Pacific and Atlantic Fleets are equipped with the Marconi wireless apparatus.

Passengers booked to all the principal ports in Canada, the United States, and Europe, also around the World.

HONGKONG to LONDON, 1st Class, via Canadian Atlantic Port or New York (including meals and berth in Sleeping Car while crossing the American Continent by Canadian Pacific direct line) £71.10/-.

Passengers for Europe have the option of going forward by any Trans-Atlantic Line either from Canadian Port or from New York or Boston.

SPECIAL THROUGH RATES—Special rates (First Class only) are granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic, and Consular Services, European Civil Servants Officials located in Asia, and to European Officials in the service of the Governments of China and Japan, and their families. Full particulars on application to Agents.

Through Passengers are allowed stop over privileges at the various points of interest en route.

R.M.S. "MONTEAGLE" carries only "One Class" of Saloon Passengers (termed Intermediate) the accommodation and commissariat being excellent in every way.

HONGKONG to LONDON, Intermediate on Steamers and 1st Class on Canadian and American Railways.

Via Canadian Atlantic Port £43. Via New York £46.

For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to—

D. W. CRADDOCK, General Traffic Agent,

Corner Pedder Street and Praya (opposite Blake Pier).

INDO-CHINA STEAM
NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

(PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

For	Steamship	On
SHANGHAI & SWATOW	KWONGSANG	Tuesday, 12th Sept., Noon.
SINGAPORE, SAMARANG & SOERABAYA	YATSIUNG	Wednesday 13th Sept., Noon.
SHANGHAI	OHOSANG	Friday, 15th Sept., Noon.
MANILA	YUENSANG	Saturday, 16th Sept., 2 P.M.
SANDAKAN	MAUSANG	Monday, 18th Sept., Noon.
MANILA	LOONGSANG	Saturday, 23rd Sept., 2 P.M.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & MOJI	KUTSANG	Tuesday, 26th Sept., Noon.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN, (Occupying 24 days).

The steamers "Kutsang," "Namsang," and "Fooksang" leave about every 8 weeks for Shanghai and returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong.

These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified surgeon is also carried. Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

† Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chifoo, Tientsin & Newchwang.

† Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Kudat, Lahad Datu, Simporna, Tawau, Uluken, Jesselton & Labuan.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LD. Telephone No. 215. General Managers.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

REGULAR SERVICE FROM HONGKONG FOR VANCOUVER, SEATTLE and PORTLAND (Or.) via SHANGHAI and JAPANESE PORTS.

Steamer	Captain	Tons D W	On or about
"SUVERIO"	F. Cowley	11,000	September 5th.
"KUMERIO"	G. McGill	11,000	October 3rd.
"LUCERIO"			October 25th.
"HERCULES"			November 10th.

To be followed by other steamers of the Company at regular intervals.

The Steamers of the Bank Line, Ltd., carry cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Overland Common Points in the United States of America and Canada, and also for the chief ports in Mexico, and Central and South America. Will call at Amoy and Keelung if sufficient inducement offers.

These steamers are of the Newest Design, have most Commodious Accommodation, and are fitted with Electric Light and Wireless Telegraphy.

Special Parcel Express to American and Canadian Ports.

For Rates of Freight or Passage apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED,

KING'S BUILDING, Praya Central.

Telephone No. 780, Hongkong, 26th August, 1911. [805]

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS

TO

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

ORIENTAL AND AFRICAN LINE.

REGULAR Direct Service from Japan, China, and Straits to Beira, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Port Elizabeth and Cape Town, calling at Mauritius if sufficient inducement offers, and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the Orient to South Africa.

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

S.S. "DUNERIO" 3,000 tons To be dispatched end Dec.
S.S. "KATANGA" 5,600 tons To follow

and regularly thereafter.

For rates of Freight or Passage, apply to

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED,

Managing Agents.

Hongkong, 26th August, 1911.

[1811]

Shipping—Steamers

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)



PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

DESTINATION. STEAMER. SAILING DATE, 1911

MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID.	TANGO MARU, Capt. K. Kawana, Tons 8,000	WEDNESDAY, 13th Sept., D'light.
	KAMO MARU, Capt. P. L. Sommer, Tons 9,000	Sept., at Daylight
	AKI MARU, Capt. K. Homma, Tons 7,000	WEDNESDAY, 11th Oct., at D'light.

VICTORIA, B.C., & SEATTLE	SADO MARU, Capt. J. Richards, Tons 7,000	SATURDAY, 7th Oct., from KOBE
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VICTORIA, B.C., & SEATTLE via KANAKA, SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SHIMIZU & YOKOHAMA	INABA MARU, Capt. S. Tominga, Tons 7,000	TUESDAY, 12th Sept., at 4 P.M.
	TAMBA MARU, Capt. K. Noda, Tons 7,000	TUESDAY, 10th Oct., at Noon.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE, via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE.	NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi, Tons 6,000	FRIDAY, 29th Sept., at Noon.
	KUMANO MARU, Capt. M. Winckler, Tons 6,000	FRIDAY, 27th Oct., at Noon.

NSAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.	KUMANO MARU, Capt. M. Winckler, Tons 6,000	FRIDAY, 29th Sept., at Noon.
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KOBE & YOKOHAMA	MISHIMA MARU, Capt. A. E. M. Jones, Tons 9,000	THURSDAY, 11th Sept., 11 A.M.
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SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE.	BINGO MARU, Capt. K. Soyada, Tons 7,000	WEDNESDAY, 13th September.
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE & COLOMBO.	CEYLON MARU, Capt. Tozawa, Tons 7,000	TUESDAY, 19th September.

* Fitted with new system of wireless telegraphy. * Omitting Keelung & Shimizu. * Carries deck passengers. † Cargo only.

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN
KOBE and CALCUTTA.

Regular service (once in every 18 days) from Kobe to Calcutta calling at Singapora, Penang and Rangoon.

The first steamer to sail from Hongkong:

"JINSEN MARU" Tons 3,782. On September 26th.

CHEAPEST SUMMER RATES

between

HONGKONG and JAPAN PORTS.

Commencing 1st June, ending 30th September, 1911.

Special Excursion Tickets (1st & 2nd class) available for 3 months.

	YOKOHAMA RETURN.	KOBE RETURN.	MOJI RETURN.	NAAGASAKI RETURN.
1st Class	\$120	\$110	\$100	\$90
2nd "	\$80	\$70	\$60	\$50

With option of rail between steamers calling ports in Japan.

From Hongkong direct to Nagasaki 4 days, to Kobe 5 days and to Yokohama 6 days.

For further information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, &c., apply at the Company's Local Branch Office in Prince's Buildings, First Floor, Chater Road.

T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager.

[5]

CHINA NAVIGATION
CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR STEAMERS TO SAIL.

HOIHOW & HAIPHONG	"SINGAN"	12th Sept., D'light.
MANILA, ILOILO & CEBU	"KAIFONG"	12th " 4 P.M.
CHEFOO & NEWCHANG	"NANCHANG"	13th " 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"CHINHUA"	14th " 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"ANHUI"	16th " M'night
WEIHAWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN	"HUICHOW"	19th " 4 P.M.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	"TAMING"	19th " 4 P.M.

DIRECT SAILING TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.
S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUI."

AUSTRALIAN STEAMERS have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in Staterooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. REDUCED FARES. Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

MANILA LINE—Twin Screw Steamers "Tao" and "Taming," saloon accommodation and ships; electric fans fitted; extra state-rooms on deck, aft. Saloon accommodation of "Kailong" is situated on deck, aft.

SHANGHAI LINE—FAST SCHEDULE TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS (Anhui, Chienan, Linan, Chinghua)—with excellent passenger accommodation. Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloon, leave Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

N.B.—Passengers must embark before midnight on Saturday for the Sunday morning sailings. A Company's launch leaves Murray Pier at ten o'clock every Saturday night.

These steamers land passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

Reduced Fares:—Single \$45. Return \$75.

For Freight or Passage apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Telephone No. 86.

Hongkong, 11th September, 1911.

[4]

Shipping—Steamers

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

IN CONJUNCTION WITH

Deutsche Dampfschiffahrts Gesellschaft "HANSA."

EAST ASIATIC SERVICE.

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES, via STRAITS and COLOMBO.

Marseilles, Havre, Bremen and Hamburg and New-York.

Taking cargo at Through rates to all European North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Lisbon, Oporto, Genoa and other Mediterranean Levantine, Black Baltic Sea and Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

Next Sailings from Hongkong:

OUTWARD.

HOMEWARD.

For Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama:	For Havre & Hamburg:
Suezgambia, 27th Sept.	S.S. "Alesia" 1st Sept.
Bayern, 6th Oct.	For Havre, Rotterdam & Hamburg:
Acadia, 18th Oct.	S.S. "Preussen" 10th Sept.
Slavonia, 3rd Nov.	For Havre, Bremen & Hamburg:
Scandia, 16th Nov.	S.S. "Rhein" 20th Sept.
Spezia, 2nd Dec.	For Rotterdam & Hamburg:
	S.S. "Furst Bultow" 7th Oct.
	For Havre & Hamburg:
	S.S. "Sueria" 13th Oct.

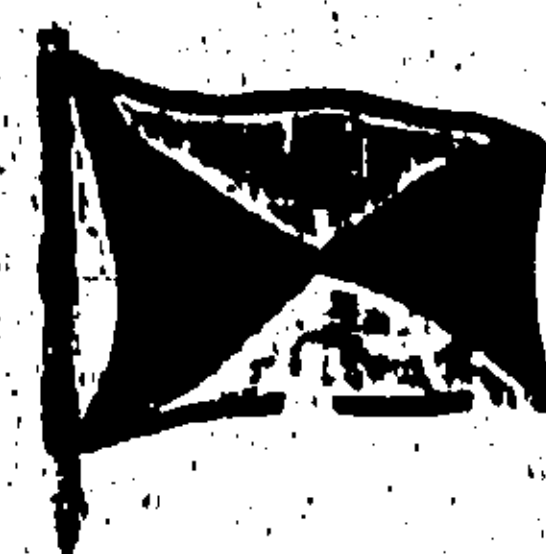
For Further Particulars, apply to—

Hamburg-Amerika Linie,

Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 9th September, 1911.

[956]

HONGKONG—
PHILIPPINES.PHILIPPINES
STEAMSHIP CO.

Steamship.	Tons.	Captain.	For	Sailing Date.
ZAFIRO	4000	M. C. Smith.	MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	WEDNESDAY, 20th Sept., 4 P.M.
QUBI	4000	S. Crosby	MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	SATURDAY, 30th Sept., 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO

GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 11th September, 1911.

[14]

A. R. MARTY.

HONGKONG—HOIHOW—HAIPHONG—PAKHOL.

Highest Class, Fastest and Up-to-date Steamers on the Coast, having accommodation for First-class Passengers.

Electric Light, Excellent Cuisine, and Wireless Telegraphy.

For	Steamship	Captain	Tons	Leaving
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For Freight and Passage, apply to

A. R. MARTY,

24, Des Voeux Road.

Telephone 118.

Hongkong, 12th June, 1911.

[1098]

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN
STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

Mail Service to Australia.

MAIL SCHEDULE
(SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION.)

Steamers	Arrive Hongkong from Australia	Leave Hongkong for Australia
EASTERN	25th Aug.	Saturday, Sept. 16.
ALDENHAM	8th Sept.	Sept. 30.
EMPIRE	2nd Sept.	Oct. 14.

The above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. All State-Rooms have Electric Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewardess are carried.

For further particulars, apply to

Gibb, Livingston & Co.,

Agents. [967]

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

Imperial Japanese Trans-Pacific Mail Line.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE

Connecting with the Western Pacific Railway at San Francisco to all points in the United States and Canada and with Trans-Atlantic Lines to Europe.

PROPOSED SAILING FROM HONGKONG.

(Subject to alteration.)

Steamer	Tons	Captain	Date of sailing
S.S. "Chiyo Maru"	21,000	W. W. Greene	Sat. 16th, Noon.
S.S. "Nippon Maru"	11,000	A. G. Stevens	Oct. 6th, Noon.
S.S. "Tenyo Maru"	11,000	R. Bent	Oct. 13th, Noon.
S.S. "Shiyo Maru"	21,000	H. S. Smith	Nov. 3rd, Noon.

These steamers are equipped with Turbine Engines and Triple Screw. All steamers carry Japanese Government wireless telegraph and post office. The Triple Screw Steamers Chiyo Maru, will be despatched for San Francisco via Kure, Nagasaki, Naha, Sasebo, Kobe, Yokohama, and Honolulu on FRIDAY, the 15th Sept., at Noon.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.
(In connection with the National Railway of Mexico at Mexanillo.)
Only 12 days direct service to Mexican, Chilean and Peruvian Ports.
Faster sailing from Hongkong than any other line.

Steamer	Tons	Date of sailing
Buyo Maru	10,500	Saturday, Oct. 14, Noon.

The Steamship BUYO MARU will be despatched later for MEXICAN, PERUVIAN and CHILEAN PORTS via JAPAN PORTS and HONOLULU, on SATURDAY, 16th October, at Noon.
For Further Particulars as to Passage and Freight, apply to—
K. MATSUDA, Agent.
KING'S BUILDING (Opposite Blake Pier).

COMMERCIAL.

Shanghai Share Market.

Messrs. J. P. Bisset report for the week ended September 2:—

During the week under review the market has remained firm. Langkats have again recovered and remain strong at present prices. Cottons are in demand and a fair amount of business has taken place at current rates.

Banks.—1. & S Banks are wanted at \$935.

Insurance.—North Chinas have declined to Tls. 100 sellers. Yangtszes have advanced to \$217.1-2 buyers. Unions remain stationary at \$825.

Shipping.—Indo-China have advanced to Tls. 40. Other stocks are unchanged.

Docks & Wharves.—Docks have improved from Tls. 55 to Tls. 57 buyers, and remain steady at this price. S. & H. Wharf, sellers at Tls. 90.

Mining.—Quotations are unchanged.

Lands.—Shanghai Lands have improved and are wanted Tls. 94. Anglo-French are wanted at Tls. 93.

Plantations.—Most of these stocks remain unaltered.

Cottons.—All stocks under this heading have risen steadily. Ewos are wanted at Tls. 93 and transactions have taken place in Preference shares at Tls. 100. Soy Chees have buyers at Tls. 23; International at Tls. 42.1-2; Kung Yks at Tls. 11.1-2; Laou Kung Mowant Tls. 11 and Shanghai Cottons at Tls. 55.1-2.

Industrials.—Langkats have strengthened, and there are now buyers at Tls. 91. Waterworks. Transactions have taken place at Tls. 383.

Stores and Hotels.—Hall and Holtz: sellers at \$18 and Weeks are in demand at \$25.

Debentures are practically all in demand and prices remain very firm.

Rubber Quotations.—London quoted Para Rubber, fine hard cure, spot or near, on August 24, 4/10 buyers; 25 4/10-1/2 sellers; 26 4/10-1/2 value; 28 4/11 sellers; 29 4/10-1/2 sellers.

Slorling Quotations.—The T.T. Rate on London to-day is 24-1/2. Following is the business recorded:—

August 25.—Langkats Tls. 88.1-2 cash. Shanghai Docks Tls. 55 Sept. Shanghai Cottons Tls. 55 cash. Ewo Cottons Tls. 89 cash. Yangtszes Tls. 51.4 cash. Shanghai Lands Tls. 92.1-2 cash. August 26.—Sumatras Tls. 112 cash. Amhersts Tls. 3.60 cash. Anglo-Dutch Tls. 1 cash. Anglo-Javas Tls. 6.30 cash. Lane, Crawford & Co. \$110 cash. August 28.—Langkats Tls. 91 cash. Ewo Cottons Tls. 90 cash. Laou Kung Mowant Tls. 60 cash. Shanghai Cottons Tls. 55 cash. Anglo-Dutch Tls. 1 cash. Pengkalans Tls. 16 cash. Padangs Tls. 7 cash.

August 29.—Pengkalans Tls. 16 cash. Anglo-Dutch Tls. 1 cash. Java-Consolidateds Tls. 4.

LOG BOOK.

Modern engineering science as applied to salvage machinery has made such strides that it is now possible to undertake successfully tasks which a few years ago would have been regarded as hopeless. The Great Western Company's Channel steamer *Ribbeck* is a case in point. On August 19, she ran on Kaines rocks at high speed and nearly ripped the bottom out of her. She looked such a bad case that underwriters paid 65 guineas per cent. on her. Yet thanks to the prompt application of pumps of enormous capacity, she was successfully towed off and beached. Underwriters are now quoting 15 guineas per cent. against the risk of constructive total loss. Other successful salvage feats recently completed were the floating of the s.s. *Russin*, the s.s. *Bengloe* and the s.s. *Spokane*. The *Russin* had been ashore for months near Jibau, and 55 guineas had been paid on her; 35-40 guineas is now quoted against constructive total loss. The s.s. *Bengloe* was ashore near Perim, and 75 guineas was paid on her. The s.s. *Spokane* had been beached at Soyman Narrows, with 30 guineas paying on her.

MASCOTS.

Is there anyone who in his heart does not cherish a sneaking belief in mascots? To judge from the accounts one reads, there must be very few celebrities who are free from this superstitious cherishing of inconsiderable trifles which, in their illogical fancy, bring or convey to them their good luck—in fact, as Mr. Mearns would have said, mascots. To-day we read that Madame Patti "places great belief in an old doll called Henrietta." We have never been victims to this superstition. It is true that we once purchased a Billiken, but that was entirely because we liked his personal appearance, not because we had the least belief that he would make the rugged path of our life any smoother. As for the unpleasant, and frequently gruesome, mascots affected by certain of our fellow-humans, we absolutely declined to have anything to do with them. If we are going to get out first ball at cricket, let us get out, do not let us owe a sparkling century to a stuffed towel worn next to our skin, or Charles Peace's tie-slip suspended down our neck by a strand of the fatal rope. The one superstition that does rather appeal to us is the one quoted as having been held by the late Baroness Burdett-Coutts. She thought it unlucky to part with a certain guinea. We go further. We hold it unlucky to part with any one of the few memento pounds slipped to us at the end of the week by the treasurer of this journal. Once we paid a cabman two pounds ten shillings in the dark, and we regretted it almost immediately.—"The Globe."

BIJOU SCENIC THEATRE, "FLOWER STREET."

Cinematograph Vaudeville.

0.15 P.M. { EVERY EVENING } 9.15 P.M.

Miss Vera Ferrace—MISS VERA FERRACE—our popular Artiste and

The Latest Brilliant Moving Pictures.

7.15 P.M. { PICTURES ONLY } 7.15 P.M.

Electric Fans Throughout Theatre.

Lease & Manager—R. H. STEPHENSON.

Hongkong, 7th Sept., 1911. [1464]

Intimations

AERTEX CELLULAR.

COOLEST & MOST COMFORTABLE UNDERWEARE—

for

THE SUMMER HIGH GRADE.

J. T. SHAW,

TAILOR AND OUTFITTER,

Hongkong Hotel Buildings,

Queen's Rd. Central. [1268]

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO. LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

Week Days.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 min.

8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. " 10 min.

10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " 15 min.

11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. " 15 min.

12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. " 10 min.

1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. " 15 min.

1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. " 15 min.

2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. " 15 min.

3.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. " 10 min.

NIGHT CARS.

8.45 p.m. and 9 p.m., 9.45 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. every 15 minutes.

SUNDAYS.

8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. every 15 min.

10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " 10 min.

11.45 a.m. to 12.00 noon " 15 min.

12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. " 10 min.

1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. " 15 min.

5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. " 10 min.

8.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. " 15 min.

7.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. " 10 min.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.

Extra Cars at 11.45 p.m.

SPECIAL CARS.

By Arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Die Vaux Road.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON

General Managers.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1911.

SUN GLASSES.

Any tint made to any prescription.

No charge for testing sight.

Repairs of all descriptions made by competent workmen.

N. LAZARUS,

Ophthalmic Optician,

14, D'Aguilar Street,

Hongkong, 24th July, 1911. [929]

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

(CAPITAL PAID UP...\$1,250,000.)

Loans on Mortgage of House Property

Goods received on Storage.

Advances made on Merchandise.

Loans made on the Provident System.

(Rates and Particulars on application).

THE OFFICE OF

TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR OF

WILLS, ATTORNEY, &c.,

Undertaken and Executed.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

General Managers.

Hongkong, 10th March, 1909. [111]

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS,

FORGEWOMEN, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTORS,

TATIONAL, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.

Modern Appliances for quick construction and repair of Ships,

Engines, Boilers, Railway Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all

Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work

Electrical Drives, Hydraulic & Pneumatic Tools,

installed throughout the Works.

50-ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINERY

for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets

and Metal Specimens.

J. RAYSON DOCK

787 ft. by 88 ft. by 84 ft. 6 in.

Pumps empty Dock in

2-4 hours.

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS

take up vessels up to 3,000 tons

in moment, providing conditions for

painting ships with most efficient results

(100-TON ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—

ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES THROUGHOUT

THE SHOPS RANGING UP TO 100 TONS.

Estimates given for Docking, Repairs to Hull and Machinery,

structural Work.

MANAGERS AND AGENTS:

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

HONGKONG, SHANGHAI & YOKOHAMA.

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POST OFFICE.

Only fully prepaid letters and post-cards are transmissible by the Siberian Route to Europe.

The attention of the public is drawn to page 10, para 20, of the Hongkong Postal Guide for 1911. Stamps intended for postage purposes may be performed but not obliterated.

A Mail will close for:

Holbow and Pakhoi—Per Johanne, 12th Sept., 8 a.m.
Mojji and Kobe—Per Aldenhorn, 12th Sept., 8 a.m.
Holbow and Bangkok—Per Halvard, 12th Sept., 10 a.m.
Batavia, Cherbon, Samarang and Sourabaya—Per Tjikini, 12th Sept., 10 a.m.
Ningpo and Shanghai—Per Kwong-sang, 12th Sept., 10 a.m.

EUROPE, &c., INDIA VIA TITICUBIN.

Letters (Late letters 11.00 a.m. to Noon. Extra postage 10 cents.) (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes will be included in this contract mail.)—Per Polynesian, 12th Sept., 11 a.m.

Swatow—Per Haiyang, 12th Sept., noon.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 12th Sept., 1.15 p.m.

Manila, Cebu and Hilo—Per Kaitong, 12th Sept., 3 p.m.

Keelung, Shanghai, Mojji, Kobe, Yokohama, Shimizu, Yokohama, Victoria and Seattle—Per Kaitong, 12th Sept., 3 p.m.

Singapore, Penang and Colombo—Per Kaitong, 12th Sept., 3 p.m.

Fort Hayard and Haiphong—Per Kaitong, 12th Sept., 3 p.m.

Singapore, Samarang and Sourabaya—Per Kaitong, 12th Sept., 3 p.m.

Per Yaching, 13th Sept., 11 a.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 13th Sept., 1.15 p.m.

Chiefof and Nouchwang—Per Nanchang, 13th Sept., 3 p.m.

Mojji, Manzanillo, Guaymas and Mexico—Per Largo Law, 13th Sept., 5 p.m.

SHANGHAI, via Siberia to Europe—Per Assayo, 13th Sept., 5 p.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 14th Sept., 1.15 p.m.

Shanghai—Per Chihua, 14th Sept., 3 p.m.

Shanghai—Per Choyang, 15th Sept., 10 a.m.

Shanghai, Kobe and Mojji—Per G. Astar, 15th Sept., 10 a.m.

Keelung, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulo, and San Francisco—Per Choyang, 15th Sept., 11 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Haiyang, 15th Sept., noon.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 15th Sept., 1.15 p.m.

Singapore, Penang, and Calcutta—Per Japan, 15th Sept., 2 p.m.

Keelung, Shanghai, Mojji, Kobe and Yokohama—Per Mexico, 15th Sept., 10 a.m.

EUROPE, &c., INDIA VIA TITICUBIN.

Letters (Late letters 11 a.m. to Noon. Extra postage 10 cents.) (Supplementary mail on board up to the time fixed for departure of the mail Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.) The Parcel Mail will be closed on Friday, 15th Sept., at 5 p.m.—Per Delta, 15th Sept., 11 a.m.

Manila (taking Mails for Cebu and Hilo)—Per Yuen-sang, 15th Sept., 1 p.m.

Kobe—Per Tjikini, 15th Sept., 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI, via Siberia to Europe—Per Anhui, 15th Sept., 6 p.m.

Sandakan—Per Messing, 18th Sept., 11 a.m.

Batavia, Cherbon, Samarang Sourabaya and Macassar—Per Tjikini, 19th Sept., 11 a.m.

Timor, Port Darwin, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle—Per Eastern, 19th Sept., 11 a.m.

Manila, Cebu and Hilo—Per Taming, 19th Sept., 5 p.m.

Wah-lai, Chefoo and Tientsin—Per Hakata-maru, 19th Sept., 5 p.m.

SHIPPING NEWS.

MAILS DUE.

English (Assayo) 13th inst.
German (Prinz Sigismund) 19th inst.
German (Derfflinger) 20th inst.
America (Mongolia) 22nd inst.

The a.s. Kulsang left Calcutta for the Straits and this port on the 7th inst., and is due here on the 23rd inst.

The H. A. L. a.s. Alesia left Shanghai on the 9th inst., at a.m., and may be expected here to-morrow at p.m.

The C. P. R. Co's R.M.S. Empress of India arrived at Kobe on the 8th inst., at 8 p.m., and left again on the 9th inst., at noon, for Yokohama, where she is due to arrive on the 10th inst., at 3 p.m.

The Imperial German Mail a.s. Derfflinger, carrying the German Mails with dates from Berlin of the 29th ult., left Colombo yesterday at a.m., and may be expected here on the 20th inst.

ARRIVALS.

On Sang, Br. s.s., 1,737, A. G. Smith, 9th Sept.—Ching-wan-tao 2nd Sept., Coal.—O. E. M. & Co.

Choshun Maru, Jap. s.s., 1,100; S. Sakurai, 10th Sept.—Amoy 10th Sept., Ballast.—O. S. K.

Chiyuen, Chi. s.s., 1,828, W. Jameson, 11th Sept.—Shanghai 7th Sept., Gen.—O. M. S. N. Co.

Chinhua, Br. s.s., 1,342, Benson, 10th Sept.—Shanghai 7th Sept., Gen.—B. & S.

Gregory Ahear, Br. s.s., 2,361, S. H. Nelson, 10th Sept.—Calcutta 25th Aug., and Straits 5th Sept., Gen.—D. S. & Co., Ltd.

Haiyang, Br. s.s., 1,362, J. W. Evans, 10th Sept.—Swatow 9th Sept., Gen.—D. L. & Co.

Merapi, Br. s.s., 1,490, E. Uldall, 10th Sept.—Banjowango 30th Aug. via Singapore 4th Sept., Sugar.—Kin Ty Loon & Co.

Signal, Ger. s.s., 3,077, E. Sverson, 10th Sept.—Swatow 9th Sept., Gen.—J. & Co.

Si Kiang, Fr. s.s., 615, E. de Catalano, 10th Sept.—Haiphong 9th Sept., Gen.—M. M.

Shandi, Br. s.s., 1,228, Simons, 10th Sept.—Wakamatsu 4th Sept., Coal, Gen.—B. & S.

Kwangle, Chi. s.s., 1,468, Pratt, 10th Sept.—Canton 9th Sept., Gen.—O. M. S. N. Co.

Kwongang, Br. s.s., 1,428, Richard, 10th Sept.—Shanghai 8th Sept., Gen.—J. M. & Co.

Sabine Rickmers, Dutch s.s., 573, D. E. Boore, 10th Sept.—Haiphong 8th Sept., Kerosine oil.—A. P. Co.

Polynesian, Fr. s.s., 3,543, Bruno, 11th Sept.—Shanghai 8th Sept., Mail and Gen.—M. M.

Tango Maru, Jap. s.s., 1,627, K. Kawara, 11th Sept.—Shanghai 8th Sept., Gen.—N.Y. K.

Tjikini, Dut. s.s., 3,017, A. W. Le Roy, 11th Sept.—Kobe, Karatsu and Milke 5th Sept., Gen.—J. C. J. L.

Sydney, Fr. s.s., 3,793, Costa, 11th Sept.—Marseilles 15th Aug., Gen.—M. M.

Hongkong, Br. s.s., 735, Corneliussen, 11th Sept.—Haiphong and Pakhoi 9th Sept., Gen.—A. R. Marty.

Japan, Br. s.s., 3,806, A. Stewart, 11th Sept.—Kobe and Mojji 7th Sept., Gen.—D. S. & Co.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per a.s. Polynesian, arrived 11th Sept., from Yokohama, &c.:—

Chandler Macdougall, Mr. & Mrs. Elhardt, Karl Gamen Miyoguchi, Kruza Grant, R. W. Patell Huxton, Mr. & Mrs. Tehwaz Huxton Varel Jostkowiak Young Kohomima, Mr. & Mrs.

Per a.s. Tango Maru, arrived 11th Sept., from Shanghai, &c.:—

Addison, Capt. & Loong, K. Ling, Mrs. G. Byres, G. Parle, Miss R. Banks, Miss M. Provost, P. Boe, Mr. & Mrs. Patton, Miss C. Y. Patcock, Miss C. Ekirk, Dr. E. Moran, K. Leung, Mr. & Mrs. Tagawa, H. J. Woon, Mrs. L. Japan, D. Wilton, J. Kirt, Dr. & Mrs. J.

COMMERCIAL.

EXCHANGE.

Selling.

T.T. 1/9 3/16

Demand 1/9 9/16

80 d/s 1/9 1/16

60 d/s 1/9 11/16

4 m/s 1/9 1/16

T/T Shanghai 76 1/2

T/T Singapore 88

T/T India 184

Demand India 184 1/2

T/T San Francisco and New York 48 1/2

T.T. Japan 108

T/T Marks 184 1/2

T/T France 2.20

Buying.

4 m/s L/C 1/10

4 m/s D/P 1/10 1/2

6 m/s L/C 1/10 1/2

80 d/s Sydney & Melbourne 1/10 1/2

80 d/s San Foo & New York 44 1/2

4 m/s Marks 188

1 m/s France 3.80 1/2

8 m/s do. 2.82 1/2

Bar Silver 24 3/16

Bank of England rate 3 %

Sovereign \$11.08

VESSELS IN PORT.

STEAMERS.

Aldenhorn, Br. s.s., 2,410, E. Pilcher, n.m.s., 8th Sept.—Sydney via Manila 16th Aug., Gen.—G. L. & Co.

Chiyo Maru, Jap. s.s., 13,426, W. W. Green, 6th Sept.—San Francisco 5th and Yokohama 26th Aug. Mails and Gen.—T. K. K.

Drufar, Nor. s.s., 1,102, J. Bing, 17th Aug.—Bangkok 9th and Swatow 16th Aug., Gen.—Kin Tin Loong.

Halvard, Nor. s.s., 1,056, C. Anderson, 7th Sept.—Bangkok and Holbow 6th Sept., Gen.—A. T. & Co.

Inaba Maru, Jap. s.s., 3,837, S. Tominga, 4th Sept.—Shanghai 1st Sept., Gen. and Conl.—N. Y. K.

Johanne, Ger. s.s., 952, M. Ipland, 6th Sept.—Swatow 5th Sept., Gen.—J. & Co.

Kaitong, Br. s.s., 987, J. V. Sidford, 8th Sept.—Manila, Hilo & Cebu 5th Sept., Gen.—B. & S.

Laertes, Br. s.s., 2,340, C. E. Page, 7th Sept.—Saigon 3rd Sept., Rice and Gen.—Wo Fat Sing.

Largo Law, Br. s.s., 2,541, R. E. Kellott, 5th Sept.—Guaymas 2nd Aug., Ballast.—Bag Hok Fong.

Machow, Ger. s.s., 996, R. G. Zollner, 8th Sept.—Bangkok 30th Aug., and Swatow 7th Sept., Rice and Teak.—B. & S.

Mario, Ger. s.s., 1,189, Schalkel, 2nd Sept.—Saigon 31st Aug., Rice.—J. & Co.

Mexico Maru, Jap. s.s., 8,760, N. Kobayashi, 9th Sept.—Shanghai 6th Sept., Gen.—O. S. K.

Michael Jensen, Ger. s.s., 951, J. Petersen, 9th Sept.—Pakhoi and Holbow 8th Sept., Gen.—J. & Co.

Montague, Br. s.s., 6,163, W. Davidson, 8th Sept.—Vancouver via Japan and Shanghai 5th Aug., Mail and Gen.—O. P. R. Co.

Phonpenh, Br. s.s., 1,065, Jas. H. Scott, 31st Aug.—Saigon 27th Aug., Gen.—Wo Fat Sing.

Quarta, Dutch s.s., 1,146, T. Danielson, 3rd Sept.—Amoy 2nd Sept., Gen.—J. C. J. L.

Singap, Br. s.s., 1,047, F. Jamieson, 8th Sept.—Haiphong and Holbow 7th Sept., Gen.—B. & S.

Sosha Maru, Jap. s.s., 1,119, K. Sugawa, 8th Sept.—Swatow 7th Sept., Gen.—O. S. K.

Szechuan, Br. s.s., 1,142, Jones, 6th Sept.—Hongay 2nd Sept., Coal.—B. & S.

Tjikaroon, Dutch s.s., 3,666, P. Zwart, 8th Sept.—Macassar 1st Sept. Ballast.—J. C. J. L.

Yaching, Br. s.s., 1,424, S. J. Payne, 8th Sept.—Juana 29th Aug., Sugar.—J. M. & Co.

Yochow, Br. s.s., 1,036, W. McIntosh, 8th Sept.—Wakamatsu 1st Sept., Coal.—B. & S.

SAILING VESSELS.

Elipse, Br. 4-masted Barque, 2,399, White, 29th June—Canton 28th June, Ballast.—Standard Oil Co.

Arrow, Br. 4-masted barque, 2,971, O. McIvor, 24th Aug.—New York 2nd May, Petroleum.—S. Oil Co.

Hotels.

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BELLE VIEW HOTEL.

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SESSIONS 10 A.M. to 12 Noon.

2 P.M. to 4 P.M.

Admission 25 cents.

5 P.M. to 8 P.M.

Admission 50 cents.

String Band will play at the above Hotel every Sunday commencing from 4 p.m. to 10 p.m.

W. GALLAGHER,

Manager.

Hongkong, 15th August, 1911.

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN.

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near the Tram Terminus.

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MANAGER.

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Arnott, C. D. Lewis, Mrs. Fay

Bargess, R. C. F. & Child

Burtt, W. H. Maguana, Mdm. C.

Chilvers, P. T. Marriott, Dr. O.

Cobb, A. H. Moore, A. A. J.

Dobbie, J. A. Moulder, Mr. and

D'Ottaviano, V. Mrs. A. B.

Drow, W. C. North, W.

Eames, E. J. W. Otto, A.

Fisher, E. G. Parker, Mr. and

Foo Ching, S. Mrs. R. H.

Forrester, J. Pond, Ernest H.

Fowler, D. P. P. Richard, A. T.

Gould, Mr. & Mrs. Ray, E. H.

Joseph, Miss F. Ray, Miss F.

Hal, Capt. T. P. Ritter, F.

Hannibal, Mr. and Sibley, J. C.

Harrison, A. Spalding, Dr. and

Hewitt, Hon. Mr. Mrs. A. D. and

Holmes, Mr. and Spittles, J.

Mrs. E. J. and Square, Miss W.

infant Stainer, Lt. and

Hough, Dr. S. Mrs. O. E.

Howard, W. L. Watkinson, E. J.

Hughes, Miss B. Watkins, C. E.

Innes, Capt. R.

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